

▶ **Speaker Cable (Single) (4S6)**



Product Name

**Speaker Cable (Single)**

Model Number

**4S6**

Product Image

A lighter gauge, very flexible speaker cable, using 4 x 20 AWG insulated conductors. Good choice for high frequency components, short cable runs or DC line cords.

- PA Systems.
- Hi-Fi Speakers.
- DC Power Lines.
- Super Flexibility, even in Sub-Zero Weather.
- Star Quad Design Reduces EMI Noise.
- Low Capacitance and Resistance.

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS										
Model	Std. Lng. ft. (m)	Wt Std. Lng. lbs (kgs)	Nom. O.D. in. (mm)	PVC Jacket Nom. Thick. in. (mm)	Brittle Point F° (C°)	No. of Cond.	Insul. Type* Thick mil	Cond-AWG (Qty./mil) Cross Sec. Area mil. <sup>2</sup> <b>Twin Cond. AWG***</b>	Pitch of Quad in. (mm)	Shield Cover- age
<b>4S6</b>	328 (100)  656 (200)	24 (11)	.252 (6.4)	.032 (0.8)	-56 (-49)	4 RED CLR RED WHT CLR WHT	PE 19.7	AC-#20 (20/7.09) 791 #17	<1.78 <45	-

\*Dielectric Strength = 500V AC/1min. Insulation Resistance/3Mft = >1000M ohm.

\*\*Effective AWG of combined twin conductors.

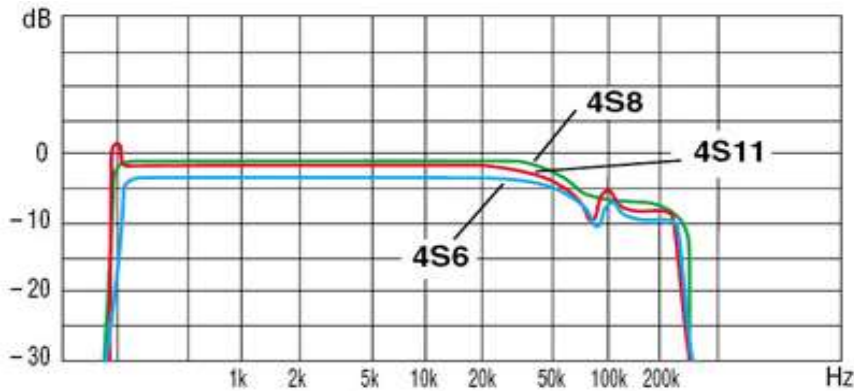
ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE/QUAD WIRED							
Model	Cond. D.C.R. ohm/1000ft (ohm/100m)	Shield D.C.R. ohm/1000ft (ohm/100m)	Nom. Cap. *** pF/m	Nom. Cap. † pF/m	Nom. Imp. ohm	Nom. Atten. V/1000ft (V/100m)	Group Delay Time nS/ft (nS/m)
<b>4S6</b>	11.4 (3.7)	-	125	-	-	-	-

\*\*Capacitance between twin Red and twin White conductors.

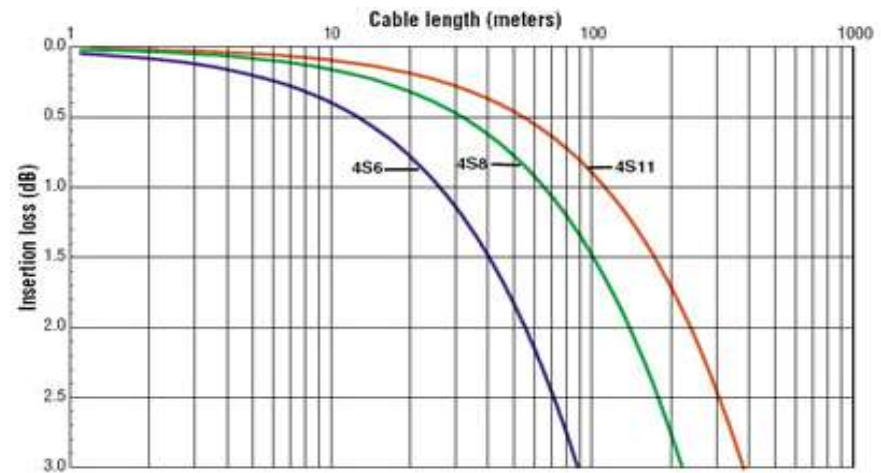
†Capacitance between conductors to shield.

COLORS AVAILABLE										
Model	Black	Blue	Brown	Gray	Green	Orange	Purple	Red	White	Yellow
<b>4S6</b>	[+]	[o]	--	[+]	--	--	--	[o]	--	--

[+]=Standard Color, [o]=Available Color, "--"=n/a



**Frequency Response**



**Insertion Loss**

**DAMPING FACTOR:** Always try to keep speaker cables as short as possible and select cable models that offer a higher damping factor; 20-50 for music (i.e. concert sound) and 10-20 for speech (i.e. sport stadiums).

*The greater the damping factor (DF), the better the ability to control speaker excursion to create sharp, clear quality in the low end frequency range.*

Damping Factor =  $\frac{\text{speaker impedance}}{\text{power amp. output impedance} + \text{speaker cable cond. resistance}}$

Values calculated assuming power amplifier output at 0.05Ω

Model	Pair cond. resist. (Ω/100m) & cross-sec (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Cond. resist. (Ω/100m) for return path	Cable length/damping factor		
			DF=20	DF=50	
4S6	1.87/1.0mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	17	3.7	9.5m	3.0m
4S8	0.75/2.5mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	14	1.5	23.3	7.3
4S11	0.43/4.3mm <sup>2</sup> AWG	11	0.87	40.2	12.6

*As the formula to the left shows, a higher conductor resistance causes a lower damping factor, which prevents even top quality power amps from performing at peak optimum levels.*